

ODM Technical Roadmap Report Out:

Electric Propulsion Roadmap

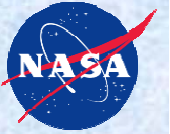


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Transformative Vertical Flight Workshop
September 29, 2016
Hartford CT

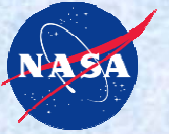




Electric Propulsion Scope

- **Vision/Strategy**
- **ODM Goal Alignment**
- **Electric Propulsion Leveraging**
- **Electric Propulsion Technology Development Outcomes**
- **Electric Propulsion Study Outcomes**
- **Electric Propulsion Standards Development**

Electric Propulsion Vision



Technologies with certification path for small commercial passenger aircraft, that achieve a compelling benefit value proposition

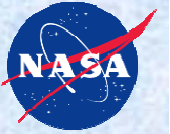
- Application to transformative, high-speed regional and urban transportation
- Pursue ODM goals through benefit strategies across
 - Operating cost and emission reduction through decreased energy/maintenance
 - Safety through propulsion system distribution/redundancy/reliability/robustness
 - Noise/Ride Quality through synergistic integration with aero/control/structures
- Focus on providing integrated flight demonstration opportunities across both CTOL and VTOL missions applications

Scale-up strategy has strong linkage to NASA's strong investment in commercial transport technologies

- Focus on pushing to higher power levels, more complex hybrid-electric bus

Scale-down strategy has strong linkage to UAV and professional hobbyist markets

- Leverage lower cost components produced to push towards COTS availability



ODM Roadmapping Process

Stakeholders

Industry, FAA

NASA



**ODM Barriers,
Figures of Merit**



Outcomes & Vision



**Technology
Survey, Candidates**



Research Themes



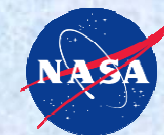
**Roadmaps,
Technical Challenges**

**ARMD
Strategic
Thrusts**



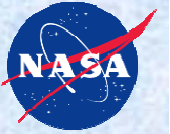
**Specific project
challenges, Investments**

ODM Barriers & Figures of Merit



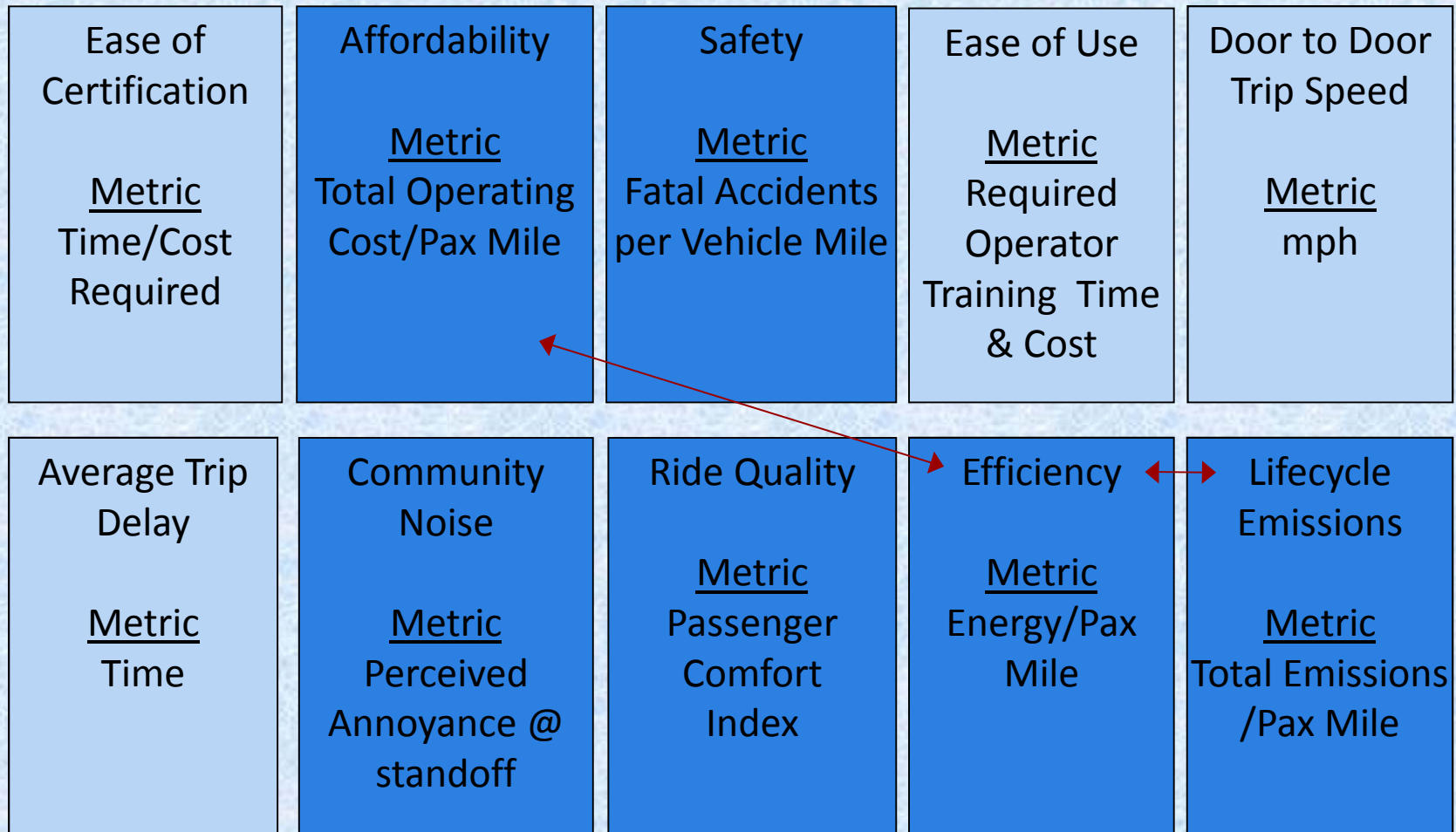
Ease of Certification <u>Metric</u> Time/Cost Required	Affordability <u>Metric</u> Total Operating Cost/Pax Mile	Safety <u>Metric</u> Fatal Accidents per Vehicle Mile	Ease of Use <u>Metric</u> Required Operator Training Time & Cost	Door to Door Trip Speed <u>Metric</u> mph
Average Trip Delay <u>Metric</u> Time	Community Noise <u>Metric</u> Perceived Annoyance @ standoff	Ride Quality <u>Metric</u> Passenger Comfort Index	Efficiency <u>Metric</u> Energy/Pax Mile	Lifecycle Emissions <u>Metric</u> Total Emissions /Pax Mile

Product of Kansas City Workshop, Oct. 2015



ODM Barriers & Figures of Merit

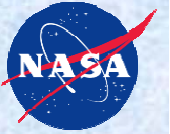
Electric Propulsion Contributions



Primary



Secondary



Electric Propulsion Leveraging

Flight Demonstrators: ODM-scale integrated test beds (FDC investments)

- Current RFI for VTOL and CTOL hybrid-electric approaches

STTR/SBIR: Distributed Electric Propulsion STTR, and Electric VTOL SBIR

Energy Storage: ODM-scale increase energy density (CAS investments)

- Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOFC) FUELEAP ~100 kW complete flight system

Scale-up: Regional commercial transports (Leverage AATT and TTT investments)

- High voltage power systems, hybrid-electric power bus architectures
- High aspect ratio wing structures and DEP aeroelastic behavior
- DEP and low tip speed acoustics

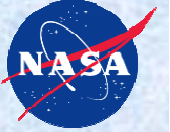
Scale-down: UAVs (Leverage CAS and SBIR investments)

- Series hybrid range extenders: 1.5 kW Launchpoint, 28 kW GSE reciprocating, 40 kW Metis micro-turbine

External Leveraging:

- Batteries: High specific energy batteries capable of 3C discharge/high cycles
- Chargers: Higher voltage/power, pulse chargers capable of rapid charging

Electric Propulsion Technologies



ODM Electric and Hybrid-Electric Power System Development

- Turbine-alternator-recuperator series hybrid system (likely desired size of ~300 kW to meet both Urban VTOL and Thin-Haul CTOL needs, also relevant to commercial APU scale-up)
- Advanced electric motor/controller, methods to limit need for gearboxes and liquid cooling complexity, achieve integrated thermal management, tighter motor-controller integration, with ODM-scale hardware demonstrations (at ground and flight TRLs)

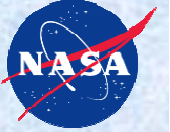
ODM Electric Aircraft Optimized Energy Storage

- Battery cell to pack mass fraction improvement while achieving cell spacing and cell failure propagation containment, lightweight battery management/monitoring systems, as well as crash containment able to meet FAA certification requirements
- Advanced battery cell chemistry and packaging optimization to meet aviation mission loads, discharge profiles, recharging turn-around needs, and reserve requirement/high cycle life

ODM Optimal Electric Power Architectures

- High voltage (400-800 volt) power architectures that investigate combinations of battery types, superconductors, fuel cell, hybrid-engines, etc. to achieve high stability/robustness, including the ability to achieve low EMI interference with instrumentation/control communications

Electric Propulsion Studies



Investigation of Distributed Electric Propulsion Integration Strategies

- Aerodynamic Investigations: Highlift system, Wingtip vortex, Fuselage boundary layer coupling, Split-wing embedded integration, ...
- Control Investigations: Enhanced control through digital-fly-by-wire integration of propulsion into inner-loop control augmentation.
- Structural Investigations: Multi-functional and distributed energy storage application to configurations.
- Acoustic Investigations: Integration approaches that utilize variable propeller speed, airframe shielding, blade harmonic frequency tuning, etc.

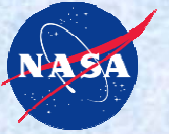
Energy and Maintenance Cost Reduction Quantification

- Energy: Urban VTOL/Thin-Haul CTOL working group focused fleet studies
- Maintenance: Electronic power system component reliability studies...

Life Cycle Emissions Reduction Quantification

- Wings to well analysis studies that can provide common emissions basis across ODM missions and electric/hybrid-electric architecture approaches

Electric Propulsion Standards



- **Modified Electric Energy Reserves:** Activities already initiated in GAMA/EPIC potentially needing supporting simulation/mission studies that can provide analytical basis for reduced reserves specifically for shorter range trips with high density of alternate emergency landing locations.
- **Multi-Engine Control for Electric Aircraft:** Provide basis for control of multi-electric motor propulsion solution through integrated motor controller and the associated required pilot training. (i.e. address E-fan certification dilemma and initiate DEP master controller implementation pathways)
- **Electric Energy Storage State of Charge Management:** Establish standard for determination of distance/time/power level available across operating conditions (temperature, battery life, etc). Including human interface issues that assist with decision making across electric and hybrid-electric power systems.
- **Electric Motor/Controller Testing:** Part 33 equivalence while accounting for flight criticality integration determination of redundant propulsion and energy storage
 - Is a small series hybrid engine a flight critical component if a battery provides sufficient energy to meet reserves.
 - Are partial failure modes addressed, i.e. dual windings on a single motor with multiple controllers.

Electric Propulsion Roadmap Timeline

